





User-Manual Gateway componet for EtherCAT

Table of Contents KUNBUS GmbH

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1 General Information

1.1 Disclaimer

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- EtherCAT is a registered trademark and patented technology, licensed by Beckhoff Automation GmbH, Germany.

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1.2 Notes Regarding this User Manual

This user manual provides important technical information that can enable you as a user to integrate the Gateways into your applications and systems efficiently, safely and conveniently. It is intended for trained, qualified personnel, whose sound knowledge in the field of electronic circuits and expertise in EtherCAT ® is assumed.

As an integral part of the module, the information provided here should be kept and made available to the user.

1.3 Validity

This document describes the application of the KUNBUS Gateway with the product number:

- PR100073, release 00

1.4 Limitation of Liability

Warranty and liability claims will lapse if:

- the product has been used incorrectly,
- damage is due to non-observance of the operating manual,
- damage is caused by inadequately qualified personnel,
- damage is caused by technical modification to the product (e.g. soldering).

1.5 Customer Service

If you have any questions or suggestions concerning this product, please do not hesitate to contact us:

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2 Safe Use

2.1 User

The Gateway may only be assembled, installed and put into operation by trained, qualified personnel. Before assembly, it is absolutely essential that this documentation has been read carefully and understood. Expertise in the following fields is assumed:

- electronic circuits,
- basic knowledge of EtherCAT,
- work in electrostatic protected areas,
- locally applicable rules and regulations for occupational safety.

2.2 Symbols

The symbols used have the following meaning:

⚠ DANGER

Danger

Always observe this information!

There is a safety hazard that can lead to serious injuries and death.

A CAUTION

Caution

There is a safety hazard that can result in minor injuries and material damage.

NOTICE

Note

There is a safety hazard that can result in material damage.

3 Overview

3.1 Functionality

The KUNBUS Gateway is a protocol converter. It allows communication between networks with different protocols.

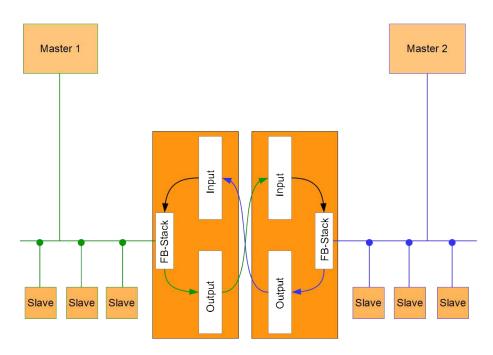


Illustration 1: Functionality

A Gateway consists of 2 gateway components that master one specific protocol each. You can combine these gateway components as you wish. This design offers you a high degree of flexibility, since you can exchange the individual gateway components at any time. The following gateway components are currently available as slaves:

- CANopen
- CC-Link
- DeviceNet
- EtherCAT
- EtherNet/IP
- Modbus RTU
- Modbus TCP
- POWERLINK
- PROFIBUS
- PROFINET
- Sercos III

3.2 Control Elements

Front view

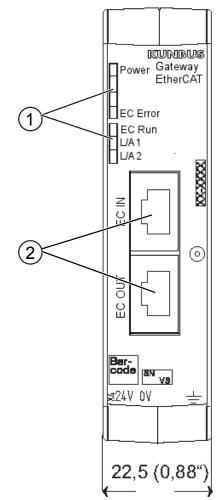


Illustration 2: Front view

 Status LEDs
 Fieldbus connection two RJ45 sockets for the connection to PROFINET EtherCAT Тор

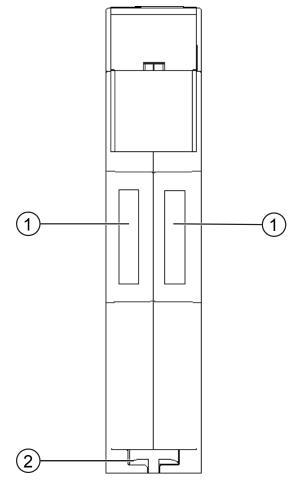


Illustration 3: Top

- 1 Interconnect ports for interconnecting the gateway components.
- 2 Locking clamps for securely attaching the gateway component to the DIN rail.

Bottom

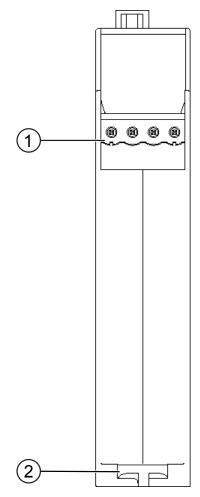


Illustration 4: Bottom

- Mains connection with 24 V power supply
- 2 Locking clamps for securely attaching the gateway component to the DIN rail.

3.3 Status LEDs

The gateway component is equipped with 5 status LEDs. The LED Power provides information about the state of the gateway component. The other LEDs provide information about the EtherCAT status.

LED	State	Meaning
Power (green/red)	off	Gateway component not running
()	blinks, green	Initialization phase not yet completed
	on, green	All system components are functioning perfectly
	flashes, red	Recoverable error
		Check whether the plug-in jumper is connected correctly to the interconnect port.
	on, red	Serious error/defect in the gateway component
EC ERROR	off	No Error
(Red)	on	Fatal error
	suddenly flashes (200 ms on / 1000 ms off)	As a result of a local error, the gateway component has automatically changed the EtherCat status.
	flashes twice (200 ms on /200 ms off / 200 ms on /1000 ms off)	Time limit exceeded
	flickers (50 ms on / 50 ms off)	An error was detected during the starting process indicating that the status INIT was reached, but a bit error was set in the Alarm Status Register.
	flashes (200 ms on / 200 ms off)	Configuration error
EC RUN	off	EtherCAT State: Init
(green)		(or gateway component is "off")
	flashes (200 ms on / 200 ms off)	EtherCAT State: Pre-Operational
	suddenly flashes (200 ms on / 1000 ms off)	EtherCAT State: Safe-Operational
	on	EtherCAT State: Operational

L/A 1 (EC IN)	off	No connection				
(green)	flickers	Connection and data traffic				
	(50 ms on / 50 ms off)					
	on	Connection				
L/A 2 (EC OUT)	off	No connection				
(green)	flickers	Connection and data traffic				
	(50 ms on / 50 ms off)					
	on	Connection				

4 Installation

4.1 Preparations for Trouble-free Operation

In the following section we have compiled some general information for you that is important for trouble-free operation. If you are already acquainted with this topic, you can skip to the next section. There, you will learn about which conditions are necessary for installing the gateway.

Cable routing

Route your cables separately in cable groups. This will protect your gateway from any unintended electromagnetic interferences.

The following groups should be routed separately from each other:

Group	Line
Α	Data and power supply lines for:
	DC voltage below 60 V
	AC voltage below 25 V
В	Data and power supply lines for:
	DC voltage between 60 V and 400 V
	AC voltage between 25 and 400 V
С	Power supply lines above 400 V

- You can route cables of the same group together in cable ducts or bundles.
- Cables of group A and B:
 - Route the groups in separate bundles or
 - in cable ducts at a minimum distance of 10 cm from each other.
- Cables of group C
 - Route the groups in separate bundles or
 - in cable ducts at a minimum distance of 50 cm from the other groups.

Shielding

Shield your cables. This will reduce any unintended electromagnetic interferences.

Potential equalization

Potential differences occur when devices are connected to different earths. These potential differences cause malfunctions.

To prevent malfunctions, you have to route an equipotential equalization conductor.

When doing so, bear in mind the following points:

- Select an equipotential equalization conductor with low impedance.
- Select the following as a reference value for the cross-section of the potential equalization cable:
 - 16 mm² for potential equalization cables of up to 200 m in length
 - 25 mm² for potential equalization cables of more than 200 m in length
- Use potential equalization cables made of copper or galvanized steel.
- Connect potential equalization cables extensively with the earth rail.
- The smallest surfaces possible should be sandwiched between potential equalization cables and signal cables.

If the devices of the control system are connected by shielded signal cables that are earthed on both sides, the impedance must be 10% of the shielding impedance.

4.2 Requirements

The Gateway was designed for use in a control cabinet.

- √ The protection class of the control cabinet must be equivalent to at least IP54.
- ✓ For installation in the control cabinet you need a DIN rail 35 x 7.5 mm (EN50022).
- Install the DIN rail horizontally in the control cabinet according to the manufacturers' specifications. When doing so, make sure that the Gateway is at a sufficient distance from other devices.

NOTICE

Your gateway could be damaged if temperatures are too high.

- → Make sure that the ambient temperature in the control cabinet is less than 60 °C.
- → Keep the ventilation slots unobstructed. These must not be covered by cables etc.
- → Maintain sufficient distance from other devices.

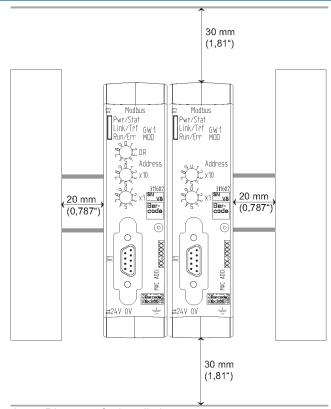


Illustration 5: Distances for installation

- Connect each gateway component individually to functional earth.
 When doing so, make sure that the power supplies of both gateway components have the same ground.
- ⇒ Your control cabinet now meets all requirements for installing the gateway.

4.3 Connecting Gateway Components

In order to attain a fully functional gateway, you have to interconnect both gateway components.

 Connect an interconnect port to each gateway component using the plug-in jumper provided.

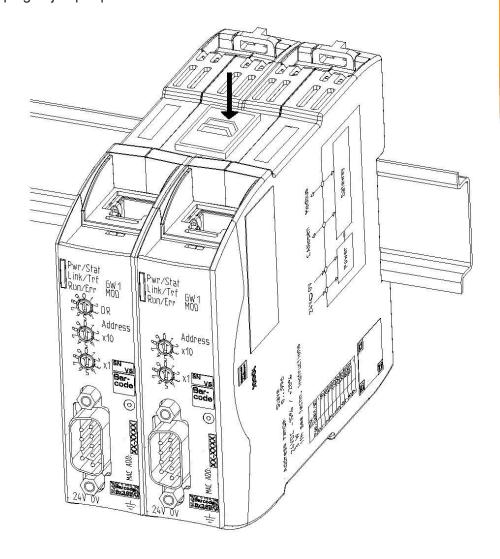


Illustration 6: Connecting gateway components

⇒ You can now install the gateway in the control cabinet.

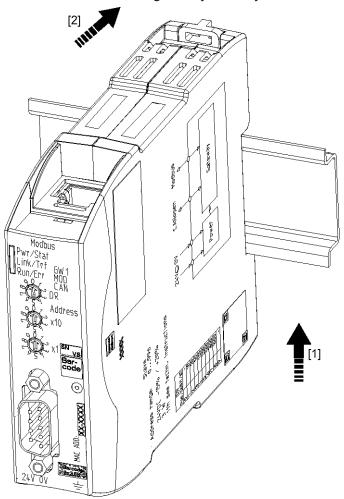
NOTICE

Only ever interconnect 2 gateway components.

If you connect additional components, severe defects could result on all devices.

4.4 Installing a Gateway in the Control Cabinet

- Hold the raster element of the gateway on the DIN rail.
- Press down the locking elements towards the gateway.
- Make sure that the gateway is firmly attached to the DIN rail.



4.5 Connecting a Power Supply

To connect the gateway component to the power supply, you need a spring-loaded terminal (e.g. Metz-Connect SP995xxVBNC).

You have to connect each gateway component separately to a power supply. Never interconnect functional earth and GND, otherwise the galvanic isolation between gateway GND and fieldbus ground will be removed. Instead, connect the functional earth with low impedance to the potential equalization. You can then dispense with this connection if the shield of the fieldbus cable is connected to the potential equalization with lower impedance when entering the control cabinet.

NOTICE

Connect each of the two gateway components to its own power supply

→ Ensure in particular that no potential differences occur between the GND pins (2).

Pin assignment:

Pin	Assignment	
1	24 V for module supply	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
2	GND	
3	Do not connect!	
4	Functional earth	

NOTICE

Do not connect GND to PE

This connection could cause unintended malfunctions.

4.6 Connecting a Gateway to the Fieldbus

To connect the gateway component to EtherCAT, you need Two RJ45 connectors.

The pin assignment complies with the Ethernet standard.

Pin	Assignment
1	TX+
2	TX-
3	RX+
4	Not assigned.
5	Pin 4 and 5 are interconnected and laid via a filter on PE for better EMC response.
6	RX-
7	Not assigned.
8	Pin 7 and 8 are interconnected and laid via a filter on PE for better EMC response.

5 Configuration

5.1 Supported Size of the Process Data

The gateway component for EtherCAT supports an input and output area of 512 bytes each:

NOTICE

Bear in mind that the maximum length of the process data is always determined by the fieldbus with the shorter data length.

Example:

EtherCAT supports 512 bytes

PROFIBUS supports 488 bytes

In conjunction with EtherCAT / PROFIBUS this means that 488 bytes are transmitted and updated cyclically.

5.2 EtherCAT Configuration

To configure the gateway component, you have to perform the appropriate settings with the configuration software of your EtherCAT Master.

You can use the objects listed below to configure the gateway component.

5.3 Standard Objects

Index	Object Name	Sub- index	Description	Data Type	Access	Remark
1000 h	Device Type	00 h	Device Types	U32	RO	0000 0000h (No profile)
1001 h	Error Register	00 h	Error Register	U8	RO	
1008 h	Manufacturer device name	00 h	Device name	Visi- ble string	RO	"KUNBUS Gateway EtherCAT"
1009 h	Manufacturer hardware version	00 h	Hardware Version	Visi- ble string	RO	"R01"
100Ah	Manufacturer software version	00 h	Software version	Visi- ble string	RO	"majorRevNo". "minorRevNo". "SVNRevNo"
1010 h	Store Parameters	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
		01 h	Store all parameters	U32	RW	Write the value "0x65766173" in this index to save all parameters
1011 h	Restore parameters	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
		01 h	Restore default parameters	U32	RW	Write the value "0x64616f6c" in this index to restore all parameters.
1018 h	Identity object	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	04 h
		01 h	Manufacturer Number	U32	RO	
		02 h	Product code	U32	RO	
		03 h	Revision number	U32	RO	
		04 h	Serial number	U32	RO	

1	1600 1603	h Receive PDO mapping h	00 h	Number of assigned objects	U8	RW	A mapping can consist of up to 128 assigned objects. It must not be greater than 128 bytes.
Namber of entries SyncManager 1 SyncManager 4 SyncManager 5 SyncManager 4 SyncMana			01 h	Assigned object #1	U32	RW	
Number of entries Numb			02 h	Assigned object #2	U32	RW	
1A00h			03 h	Assigned object #3	U32	RW	
1A00h Transmit PDO mapping 00 h Assigned object #128 U32 RW			04 h	Assigned object #4	U32	RW	
1A00h			05 h	Assigned object #5	U32	RW	
1A00h 1A03h 1			06 h	Assigned object #6	U32	RW	
1A00h Transmit PDO mapping 00 h Number of assigned objects U8 RW A mapping can consist of up to 128 assigned objects. It must not be greater than 128 bytes. 1A03h 01 h Assigned object #1 U32 RW RW<					U32	RW	
1A03h 0bjects of up to 128 assigned objects. It must not be greater than 128 bytes. 1A03h 01 h Assigned object #1 U32 RW O2 h Assigned object #2 U32 RW O3 h Assigned object #3 U32 RW O4 h Assigned object #4 U32 RW O5 h Assigned object #4 U32 RW O6 h Assigned object #5 U32 RW O6 h Assigned object #5 U32 RW O6 h Assigned object #128 U32 RW O7 WAILLIAM OF WAILLIAM			80 h	Assigned object #128	U32	RW	
1C00h SyncManager Types O2 h Assigned object #2 U32 RW			00 h	_	U8	RW	of up to 128 assigned objects. It must not be
03 h Assigned object #3 U32 RW			01 h	Assigned object #1	U32	RW	
04 h Assigned object #4 U32 RW			02 h	Assigned object #2	U32	RW	
05 h			03 h	Assigned object #3	U32	RW	
1C00h SyncManager Types 00 h Number of entries U8 RW Value: 0x01			04 h	Assigned object #4	U32	RW	
1C00h SyncManager Types 00 h Number of entries U8 RW Value: 0x01			05 h	Assigned object #5	U32	RW	
1C00h SyncManager Types 00 h Number of entries U8 RO Value: 4			06 h	Assigned object #6	U32	RW	
1C00h SyncManager Types 00 h Number of entries U8 RO Value: 4 01 h Mailbox Out U8 RW Value: 0x01 02 h Mailbox In U8 RW Value: 0x02 03 h Outputs U8 RW Value: 0x03 04 h Inputs U8 RW Value: 0x04 1C12h SyncManager 3 (Rx PDOs) 00 h Number of entries U8 RW Rx PDO transmission 01 h U16 RW U16 RW 1C13h SyncManager 4 (Tx PDOs) 00 h Number of entries U8 RW Tx PDO transmission 1C 13h U16 RW U16 RW 1C13h U16 RW U16 RW					U32	RW	
01 h Mailbox Out			80 h	Assigned object #128	U32	RW	
02 h Mailbox In	1C00	h SyncManager Types	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	Value: 4
03 h Outputs			01 h	Mailbox Out	U8	RW	Value: 0x01
1C12h SyncManager 3			02 h	Mailbox In	U8	RW	
1C12h SyncManager 3 (Rx PDOs) 00 h Number of entries U8 RW Rx PDO transmission 01 h U16 RW 02 h U16 RW 03 h U16 RW 1C13h SyncManager 4 (Tx PDOs) 00 h Number of entries U8 RW Tx PDO transmission 01 h U16 RW 02 h U16 RW 03 h U16 RW 04 h U16 RW 05 h U16 RW 06 h U16 RW 07 h U16 RW 08 h U16 RW 09 h U16 RW			03 h	Outputs	U8	RW	Value: 0x03
(Rx PDOs) 01 h 02 h 01 h 01 h 02 h 01 h 04 h 04 h 04 h 05 h 06 h 07 h 08 h 09 h 0				•			Value: 0x04
1C13h SyncManager 4 (Tx PDOs) 02 h 03 h 04 h 04 h 05 h 06 RW 07 h 08 h 09	1C12			Number of entries		RW	Rx PDO transmission
03 h		(RX PDOs)	01 h		U16	RW	
1C13h SyncManager 4			02 h		U16	RW	
1C13h SyncManager 4 (Tx PDOs) 00 h Number of entries U8 RW Tx PDO transmission 01 h U16 RW 02 h U16 RW 03 h U16 RW			03 h		U16	RW	
(Tx PDOs) 01 h U16 RW 02 h U16 RW 03 h U16 RW			04 h		U16	RW	
02 h U16 RW 03 h U16 RW	1C13	9	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	Tx PDO transmission
03 h U16 RW		(TX PDOs)	01 h		U16	RW	
						RW	
04 h U16 RW							
			04 h		U16	RW	

5.4 EtherCAT In/Outputs

The output data (512 bytes) can be accessed byte-wise, word-wise and double word-wise.

The same data area is accessed here.

Example: 2000h:01h to 2000h:04h maps the same data as 2010h:01h until 2010h:02h and the same data as 2020h:01h

NOTICE

Gateway component only transfers fieldbus data to the partner gateway component if it is in "Operational" EtherCAT status. Otherwise, "zeros" are transmitted to the partner gateway component.

Fieldbus Output Data (Master Direction)

Index	Object Name	Sub- index		Data type	Access	Access type
2000 h	Output Buffer		Number of entries Output Buffer	U8 U8	RO RO	Byte
			Byte #0			
		02 h	Output Buffer Byte #1			
		80 h	Output Buffer Byte #127			
2001 h	Output Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
		01 h	Output Buffer Byte #128	U8	RO	
		02 h	Output Buffer Byte #129			
			Output Buffer Byte #255			
2002 h	Output Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
		01 h	Output Buffer Byte #256	U8	RO	
		02 h	Output Buffer Byte #257			
		80 h	Output Buffer Byte #383			
2003 h	Output Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
		01 h	Output Buffer Byte #384	U8	RO	
		02 h	Output Buffer Byte #385			
		80 h	Output Buffer Byte #511			

2010 h	Output Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	Word
		01 h	Output Buffer Word #0	U16	RO	
		02 h	Output Buffer Word #1			
		40 h	Output Buffer Word #63			
2011 h	Output Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
		01 h	Output Buffer Word #64	U16	RO	
		02 h	Output Buffer Word #65			
		40 h	Output Buffer Word #127			
2012 h	Output Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
		01 h	Output Buffer Word #128	U16	RO	
		02 h	Output Buffer Word #129			
		40 h	Output Buffer Word #191			
2013 h	Output Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
		01 h	Output Buffer Word #192	U16	RO	
		02 h	Output Buffer Word #193			
		•••				
		40 h	Output Buffer Word #255			

2020 h	Output Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	Double word
		01 h	Output Buffer Double Word #0	U32	RO	
		02 h	Output Buffer Double Word #1			
		20 h	Output Buffer Double Word #31			
2021 h	Output Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
		01 h	Output Buffer Double Word #32	U32	RO	
		02 h	Output Buffer Double Word #33			
		20 h	Output Buffer Double Word #63			
2022 h	Output Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
		01 h	Output Buffer Double Word #64	U32	RO	
		02 h	Output Buffer Double Word #65			
		20 h	Output Buffer Double Word #95			
2023 h	Output Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
		01 h	Output Buffer Double Word #96	U32	RO	
		02 h	Output Buffer Double Word #97			
		20 h	Output Buffer Double Word #127			

Fieldbus input data (from the master)

fer 00 h 01 h	Number of entries			
0111	Input Buffer	U8 U8	RW RW	Byte
	Byte #0		IXVV	
02 h	Input Buffer Byte #1			
80 h	Input Buffer Byte #127			
fer 00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	
01 h	Input Buffer Byte #128	U8	RW	
02 h	Input Buffer Byte #129			
80 h	Input Buffer Byte #255			
fer 00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	
01 h	Input Buffer Byte #256	U8	RW	
02 h	Input Buffer Byte #257			
80 h	Input Buffer Byte #383			
fer 00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	
01 h	Input Buffer Byte #384	U8	RW	
02 h	Input Buffer Byte #385			
80 h	Input Buffer Byte #511			
f	80 h ffer 00 h 01 h 02 h 80 h ffer 00 h 01 h 02 h 80 h ffer 00 h 01 h 02 h	02 h Input Buffer Byte #1 80 h Input Buffer Byte #127 ffer 00 h Number of entries 01 h Input Buffer Byte #128 02 h Input Buffer Byte #129 80 h Input Buffer Byte #255 ffer 00 h Number of entries 01 h Input Buffer Byte #256 02 h Input Buffer Byte #257 80 h Input Buffer Byte #383 ffer 00 h Number of entries 01 h Input Buffer Byte #383 ffer 00 h Number of entries 01 h Input Buffer Byte #384 02 h Input Buffer Byte #385 80 h Input Buffer	02 h Input Buffer Byte #1 80 h Input Buffer Byte #127 ffer 00 h Number of entries U8 01 h Input Buffer Byte #128 02 h Input Buffer Byte #129 80 h Input Buffer Byte #255 ffer 00 h Number of entries U8 01 h Input Buffer Byte #256 02 h Input Buffer Byte #257 80 h Input Buffer Byte #383 ffer 00 h Number of entries U8 01 h Input Buffer Byte #384 02 h Input Buffer Byte #385 80 h Input Buffer Byte #385 80 h Input Buffer	02 h Input Buffer Byte #1 80 h Input Buffer Byte #127 ffer 00 h Number of entries U8 RW 01 h Input Buffer Byte #128 02 h Input Buffer Byte #129 80 h Input Buffer Byte #255 ffer 00 h Number of entries U8 RW 01 h Input Buffer Byte #256 02 h Input Buffer Byte #257 80 h Input Buffer Byte #383 ffer 00 h Number of entries U8 RW 01 h Input Buffer Byte #383 ffer 00 h Number of entries U8 RW 01 h Input Buffer Byte #383 ffer 00 h Input Buffer Byte #384 02 h Input Buffer Byte #385 80 h Input Buffer

2110 h	Input Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	Word
		01 h	Input Buffer Word #0	U16	RW	
		02 h	Input Buffer Word #1			
		40 h	Input Buffer Word #63			
2111 h	Input Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	
		01 h	Input Buffer Word #64	U16	RW	
		02 h	Input Buffer Word #65			
		40 h	Input Buffer Word #127			
2112 h	Input Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	
		01 h	Input Buffer Word #128	U16	RW	
		02 h	Input Buffer Word #129			
		40 h	Input Buffer Word #191			
2113 h	Input Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	
		01 h	Input Buffer Word #192	U16	RW	
		02 h	Input Buffer Word #193			
		40 h	Input Buffer Word #255			

2120 h Inp	Input Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	Double word
		01 h	Input Buffer Double Word #0	U32	RW	
		02 h	Input Buffer Double Word #1			
		20 h	Input Buffer Double Word #31			
2121 h Input Bu	Input Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	
		01 h	Input Buffer Double Word #32	U32	RW	
		02 h	Input Buffer Double Word #33			
		20 h	Input Buffer Double Word #63			
2122 h	Input Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	
		01 h	Input Buffer Double Word #64	U32	RW	
		02 h	Input Buffer Double Word #65			
		20 h	Input Buffer Double Word #95			
2123 h	Input Buffer	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RW	
		01 h	Input Buffer Double Word #96	U32	RW	
		02 h	Input Buffer Double Word #97			

		20 h	Input Buffer Double Word #127			

5.5 Check status

You can poll the status of the other gateway component by SDO entry in the OBD.

Index	Object Name	Sub- index	Description	Data type	Access	Remark
0x2200 Status of the part- ner gateway com- ponent	•	00 h	Number of entries	U8	RO	
	ponent	01 h	Length of the input data		RO	max. 512 bytes
	02 h	Length of the output data	U16	RO	max. 512 bytes	
	03 h	Module Type	U16	RO	74 (EtherCAT Gateway Component)	
		04 h Fieldbus Status	Fieldbus Status	U8	J8 RO	0x00 Fieldbus not connected. Check all connections
						0x01 Fieldbus connected, no data communication.
						0x02 Gateway component configured, no data communication
						0x03 Cyclical data exchange

6 Technical Data

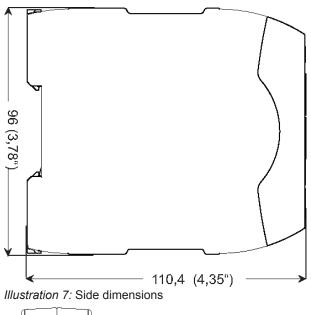
6.1 Technical Data

Dimensions	
Width	22.5 mm
Height	96 mm
Depth	110.4 mm
Weight	90 g

Electrical data	
Power supply	24 V DC
Power consumption during operation (cyclical data exchange)	100 mA
Status display	LED

Environmental conditions				
Ambient temperature	0 – 60 °C			
Storage temperature	- 25 – 60 °C			
Humidity	93 % (at 40 °C)			
Condensing	Not allowed			
Protection class				
Control cabinet	IP54			
Housing	IP20			
Terminal area	IP20			

Assembly data	
DIN rail	35 x 7.5 mm
Height	96 mm
Depth	110.4 mm



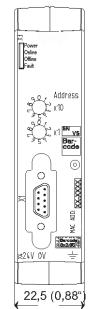


Illustration 8: Front dimensions